

MSc by Research – Details for projects in volcanology

Welcome to Bristol Volcanology Group and our projects available for an **MSc by Research (Geology)** in [School of Earth Sciences](#) at the University of Bristol.

The projects below are supervised by academic staff in the Volcanology research group and their collaborators. They offer access to our world class facilities and cover areas and questions in volcanology using techniques and fields such as:

physical volcanology, petrology, geochemistry, sedimentology, remote sensing, fluid mechanics and modelling, geophysical surveying, environmental impacts, hazard modelling and analysis

Within this cohort of MScR volcanologists for the academic year 2025-2026 (full time) or 2025-2027 (part time), you will be actively involved in regular volcanology group activities and meetings including: reading group, discussion of current topics, seminars from guest speakers and internal members, career development events, and a yearly local field trip to nearby volcanic deposits. The School of Earth Sciences has a lively research culture, including local and international engagement and outreach and active participation in undergraduate teaching. MScR students will have the opportunity to participate in these wider activities, and other career development opportunities as appropriate during their MScR.

Further details about our volcanology research, people, and facilities can be [found here](#).

Further details on applications, fees and scholarships, and qualifications can be [found here](#). If you already have employment, caring responsibilities or other commitments, we encourage you to explore the [part-time option](#) available for our MScR program and to discuss this with a potential supervisor.

Supervisors have supplied some outline ideas to illustrate a general area of interest and provide ideas about how the project might develop. Your application will involve a project proposal so please do get in touch with supervisors whose project(s) you may be interested in, we encourage a flexible and open approach to project co-development. If you have your own idea, we encourage you to get in touch with appropriate members of our [team](#) too.

PROJECTS AVAILABLE:

1. Dynamics and forecasting of rapid, concentrated settling from volcanic ash from umbrella clouds: An experimental approach

Project Supervisors: [Dr. Samuel Mitchell](#) and [Prof. Alison Rust](#)

Key topics: *volcanic hazards and risk, physical volcanology, sedimentology, remote sensing*

Project description: The settling of volcanic ash (tephra) from volcanic clouds is usually modelled considering particles as “isolated” at negligible concentration. However, particle-particle interactions at higher concentrations in more proximal regions may lead to rapid settling of greater ash masses closer to source, and/or the settling of much finer particles cohered to larger particles. For this to be considered in modeling, we require experimental validation of key parameters and processes.

The researcher will conduct experiments in the fluid dynamics laboratory to simulate settling of concentrated ash mixtures from umbrella clouds, recording sedimentation rates and settling velocities over a range of grain sizes and initial ash cloud concentrations. Experiments will be recorded using a high-speed camera and high-resolution mass logging instrumentation. The researcher will interact with staff at the Met Office to explore the implications of the experimental findings for tephra sedimentation models.

Skills and knowledge gained: designing, developing, and running analogue particle-fluid laboratory experiments, use of compressed air flow, high-speed camera and laser boxes. Image analysis by software and coding. Working alongside Met Office partnership to generate a report of findings and possible model input parameters.

Skills starting point: This project would suit someone with an earth sciences, physics or engineering background. A strong interest in conducting laboratory experiments is key. Maths and coding skills (MATLAB, Python) are also desirable but can be learned during the project.

Suggested further reading:

<https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/feart.2021.640090/full> - similar experiments from a 2021 study, but within water

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2. From the Volcano to the Sea: Long-range impacts of lahars in Guatemala

Project Supervisors: [Prof. Jeremy Phillips](#) and [Prof. Matthew Watson](#)

Project partners/collaborators: Dr Alex Guerra (*Institute for Climate Change, Guatemala*)

Key topics: *lahar impacts, flow modelling and environmental change*

Project description: Fuego is a persistently-active volcano in Guatemala that for many years has been erupting with small explosions every few tens of minutes, ramping up to a much larger paroxysmal eruption every few months. This results in continuous deposition of pyroclastic material around the volcano, which is mobilized as lahars during the rainy season and transport of sediment to the coastal plain, with associated impacts on agriculture and coastal ecosystems. Critical to understanding and mitigating these impacts is quantification of both the dynamics and rate of sediment transport over volcanic and coastal topographies over distances of up to 50 km.

This project will use the dynamic flow model *LaharFlow* (www.laharflow.bristol.ac.uk) to compute sediment transport, and associated patterns of erosion and deposition, with the aim of understanding the fundamental mechanisms by which volcanic sediment causes landscape change, and to provide a quantitative basis for potential mitigation of sediment impacts.

Skills and knowledge gained: Students will learn how to use state-of-the-art modelling tools, and how to post-process and interpret their results, and apply them to situations of environmental change and hazard impacts.

Skills starting point: This would particularly suit those with well-developed quantitative and data processing skills, with a degree in Earth sciences or other quantitative science, who have an interest in fundamental physical processes and environmentally relevant research

Suggested Further reading:

This paper provides a good overview of volcano-landscape interactions
www.annualreviews.org/doi/pdf/10.1146/annurev-earth-060313-054913

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3. Wetting and buoyancy of volcanic ash and pumice

Project Supervisors: [Dr. Pete Rowley](#) and [Dr. Samuel Mitchell](#)

Key topics: *marine volcanism, physical properties of volcanic ash*

Project description: The interaction of moisture with tephra is of increasing interest due to its clear impacts on pyroclastic density current behaviors, sedimentation, and post-eruption sediment strength. The wetting process also has impacts on the transition of volcanoclastic particles through the air-water interface when runout encounters lakes and oceans. This ultimately will exert controls on the development of submarine volcanoclastic density currents, and the timescales of pumice and ash rafting.

This project will enable you to design and execute novel experiments which explore how different shapes and particle size distributions of volcanoclastic material experience wetting, and the impacts that has on physical characteristics such as buoyancy, cohesion, adhesion, and friction. Using time series imaging and optical microscopy you will explore how floating volcanic ash wets and sinks, how the thickness of rafted ash impacts settling and sedimentation rates, and whether shape parameters impact the wettability of tephra at different grainsizes.

Skills and knowledge gained: Students will gain experience in experimental design, particle characterisation, and both optical and electron microscopy. Image analysis and physical characterisation methods will be applied as required by the project, and will vary in scope depending on project design.

Skills starting point: This would particularly suit those with a science or engineering background who have experience in either sedimentary processes, properties of soils or granular materials, or wetting.

Suggested further reading:

The following paper demonstrates how moisture in pyroclastic materials impacts their flowability. <https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00445-023-01682-9>

The second paper explores some of the controls on the buoyancy of pumice, and how that impacts raft lifecycle.

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0012821X16306896>

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4. Stratigraphic controls on phreatic explosions

Project Supervisors: [Dr. Pete Rowley](#) and [Dr. Samuel Mitchell](#)

Project partners/collaborators: Dr. Rebecca Williams (*University of Hull*), Dr. Natasha Dowey (*Sheffield Hallam University*)

Key topics: *Volcanic stratigraphy, sedimentology, and granular physics*

Project description: Following the deposition of volcanic sediments the intrusion of groundwater, or the escape of primary gases can lead to phreatic explosions, which form pit craters in the deposit tens to hundreds of meters in diameter. These phreatic explosions represent a secondary hazard in active volcanic areas, as well as a mechanism for remobilizing sediment and generating complex internal stratigraphies in the deposit.

This project will use laboratory experiments to explore how different stratigraphies, incorporating grain size distribution changes, control how sediment packs are able to degas, and to quantify the impacts of different layer properties and thicknesses on the scale and failure stresses of eventual gas-driven eruptions. This will help us understand the processes at work in natural deposits, and therefore the larger scale gas flux, permeability and strength conditions.

Skills and knowledge gained: Students will gain experience in experimental design, particle characterisation, and granular mechanics experiments using compressed air. The use of high-speed video recording and analysis, digital pressure logging apparatus, and electron microscopy are likely to be parts of the finalised plan.

Skills starting point: This would particularly suit those with a science or engineering background who have experience in either sedimentary processes, properties of soils or granular materials.

Suggested Further reading:

The following paper demonstrates how cohesion in pyroclastic materials impacts their flowability. <https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00445-023-01682-9>

The second paper provides some background on the processes and hazards of phreatic explosions. <https://appliedvolc.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s13617-016-0053-2>

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5. Fragmentation of crystal-rich mafic magmas – controls from crystal and vesicle size distributions

Project Supervisors: [Prof. Alison Rust](#) and [Dr. Samuel Mitchell](#)

Project partners/collaborators: Katharine Cashman (*University of Oregon*); Amanda Lindoo (*Durham University*)

Key topics: *petrology, geochemistry, physical volcanology*

Project description: How magma breaks apart during explosive eruptions controls the size distribution of the resulting fragments, which in turn affects heat transfer and settling speeds, and so how far particles travel. By analysing the size and shape of the fragments themselves *and* their internal textures (size, shape and abundance of bubbles, crystals and glass), volcanologists can gain insights into the history of magma as it flows up the conduit, through fragmentation, to cooling. This project will take samples collected from subaerial and submarine explosive crystal-rich mafic eruptions to analyze the textures of the erupted products, relating back to observations and eruptive style. The analysis will focus on assessing how the bubble and crystal contents of the magmas influenced the fragmentation. The researcher will use imaging techniques such as scanning electron microscopy (SEM), CT scanning and imagery analysis.

Skills and knowledge gained: Processing and analysing microanalytical microscopy images, granulometry of volcanic tephra, instruments to determine particle shape, size, and density. Interpreting images of volcanic textures to understand eruption dynamics with application to broader processes in volcanology. Ideal experience for those looking towards a PhD in physical volcanology/petrology.

Skills starting point: Would suit a student with keen interest in volcanic eruption processes and dynamics. A strong geology/earth sciences background with good petrology and geochemistry grades is desirable. Optical microscopy and igneous rock experience is important. Image processing and analysis is a bonus.

Suggested further reading:

<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00445-022-01555-7> - recent short review paper on magma fragmentation

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6. Experiments on the flow and trapping of bubbles in magma mush

Project Supervisors: [Prof. Alison Rust](#) and [Dr. Samuel Mitchell](#)

Key topics: *physical volcanology, petrology*

Project description: It is increasingly recognized that mature magmatic systems can contain substantial volumes of 'mush'. It is important to understand how exsolved volatiles migrate through (and are trapped in) these crystal-rich, melt-bearing regions in the crust, for both 1) monitoring volcanoes, and 2) understanding how sub-volcanic ore deposits form. You will conduct laboratory experiments with 3D printouts of the geometries of a set of real magma mush rocks that have been imaged in 3D by X-ray tomography. There will be some technique development, testing printing materials and resolution. You will then do experiments studying the flow of analogue melt (e.g. water or syrup) and an analogue exsolved volatile phase (e.g. air) through the 3D-printed mushes. You will study the permeability of the mushes, and the 'relative permeability' of the analogue melt and volatile phases. The end products of some experiments will be scanned with X-rays to image the geometry of trapped bubbles. The results will feed into models of volatile migration in magmatic systems.

Skills and knowledge gained: 3D printing of volcanic rock textures; CT scanning of rocks; running analogue laboratory experiments using a variety of fluids. It is also feasible to do some numerical modelling related to permeable flow if of interest to the student.

Skills starting point: Should have a background in Earth Sciences or other physical science or engineering. No prior experience in laboratory experiments or imaging techniques required.

Suggested further reading:

Sparks, R. S. J., et al. "Formation and dynamics of magma reservoirs." *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society A* 377.2139 (2019): 20180019.

Degruyter, Wim, et al. "How do volatiles escape their shallow magmatic hearth?." *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society A* 377.2139 (2019): 20180017.

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